# Package 'rsconnect'

October 28, 2025

```
Type Package
Title Deploy Docs, Apps, and APIs to 'Posit Connect', 'shinyapps.io',
     and 'RPubs'
Version 1.6.0
Description Programmatic deployment interface for 'RPubs',
     'shinyapps.io', and 'Posit Connect'. Supported content types include R
     Markdown documents, Shiny applications, Plumber APIs, plots, and
     static web content.
License GPL-2
URL https://rstudio.github.io/rsconnect/,
     https://github.com/rstudio/rsconnect
BugReports https://github.com/rstudio/rsconnect/issues
Depends R (>= 3.5.0)
Imports cli, curl, digest, isonlite, lifecycle, openssl (>= 2.0.0),
     PKI, packrat (>= 0.6), renv (>= 1.0.0), rlang (>= 1.0.0),
     rstudioapi (>= 0.5), snowflakeauth, tools, yaml (>= 2.1.5),
     utils
Suggests Biobase, BiocManager, foreign, knitr, MASS, plumber (>=
     0.3.2), quarto, RCurl, reticulate, rmarkdown (>= 1.1), shiny,
     testthat (>= 3.1.9), webfakes, withr
VignetteBuilder knitr, rmarkdown
Config/Needs/website tidyverse/tidytemplate
Config/testthat/edition 3
Config/testthat/parallel true
Encoding UTF-8
RoxygenNote 7.3.3
NeedsCompilation no
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**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2025-10-28 06:10:08 UTC

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accounts

Account Management Functions

## Description

Functions to enumerate and remove accounts on the local system. Prior to deploying applications you need to register your account on the local system.

Supported servers: All servers

#### Usage

```
accounts(server = NULL)
accountInfo(name = NULL, server = NULL)
removeAccount(name = NULL, server = NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

Name of the server on which the account is registered (optional; see servers())

Name of account

#### **Details**

You register an account using the setAccountInfo() function (for ShinyApps) or connectUser() function (for other servers). You can subsequently remove the account using the removeAccount function.

The accounts and accountInfo functions are provided for viewing previously registered accounts.

#### Value

accounts returns a data frame with the names of all accounts registered on the system and the servers on which they reside. accountInfo returns a list with account details.

#### See Also

Other Account functions: connectApiUser(), connectCloudUser(), setAccountInfo()

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acc	ount	:Usa	ge

Show Account Usage

## Description

Show account usage

Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

## Usage

```
accountUsage(
  account = NULL,
  server = NULL,
  usageType = "hours",
  from = NULL,
  until = NULL,
  interval = NULL
)
```

### **Arguments**

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server

name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be

prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

usageType Use metric to retreive (for example: "hours")

from Date range starting timestamp (Unix timestamp or relative time delta such as

"2d" or "3w").

until Date range ending timestamp (Unix timestamp or relative time delta such as

"2d" or "3w").

interval Summarization interval. Data points at intervals less then this will be grouped.

(Number of seconds or relative time delta e.g. "1h").

#### Note

This function only works for ShinyApps servers.

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addAuthorizedUser

Add authorized user to application

#### **Description**

Add authorized user to application Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

#### Usage

```
addAuthorizedUser(
  email,
  appDir = getwd(),
  appName = NULL,
  account = NULL,
  server = NULL,
  sendEmail = NULL,
  emailMessage = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

email Email address of user to add.

appDir Directory containing application. Defaults to current working directory.

appName Name of application.

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server

name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be

prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

sendEmail Send an email letting the user know the application has been shared with them.

emailMessage Optional character vector of length 1 containing a custom message to send in

email invitation. Defaults to NULL, which will use default invitation message.

#### Note

This function works only for ShinyApps servers.

#### See Also

```
removeAuthorizedUser() and showUsers()
```

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addLinter

Add a Linter

#### **Description**

```
Add a linter, to be used in subsequent calls to lint(). Supported servers: All servers

Add a linter, to be used in subsequent calls to lint().
```

#### **Usage**

```
addLinter(name, linter)
addLinter(name, linter)
```

#### **Arguments**

name The name of the linter, as a string. linter A linter().

#### **Examples**

```
addLinter("no.capitals", linter(
 ## Identify lines containing capital letters -- either by name or by index
 apply = function(content, ...) {
   grep("[A-Z]", content)
 },
 ## Only use this linter on R files (paths ending with .r or .R)
 takes = function(paths) {
   grep("[rR]$", paths)
 },
 # Use the default message constructor
 message = function(content, lines, ...) {
   makeLinterMessage("Capital letters found on the following lines", content, lines)
 },
 # Give a suggested prescription
 suggest = "Do not use capital letters in these documents."
))
addLinter("no.capitals", linter(
 ## Identify lines containing capital letters -- either by name or by index
 apply = function(content, ...) {
   grep("[A-Z]", content)
 },
```

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```
## Only use this linter on R files (paths ending with .r or .R)
takes = function(paths) {
  grep("[rR]$", paths)
},

# Use the default message constructor
message = function(content, lines, ...) {
  makeLinterMessage("Capital letters found on the following lines", content, lines)
},

# Give a suggested prescription
suggest = "Do not use capital letters in these documents."
))
```

addServer

Server management

#### **Description**

These functions manage the list of known servers:

- addServer() registers a Posit connect server. Once it has been registered, you can connect to an account on the server using connectUser().
- removeServer() removes a server from the registry.
- addServerCertificate() adds a certificate to a server.

Supported servers: Posit Connect servers

## Usage

```
addServer(
   url,
   name = NULL,
   certificate = NULL,
   validate = TRUE,
   snowflakeConnectionName = NULL,
   quiet = FALSE
)

removeServer(name = NULL)

addServerCertificate(name, certificate, quiet = FALSE)
```

#### **Arguments**

URL for the server. Can be a bare hostname like connect.mycompany.com or a

url like http://posit.mycompany.com/connect.

name Server name. If omitted, the server hostname is used.

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certificate Optional. Either a path to certificate file or a character vector containing the

certificate's contents.

validate Validate that url actually points to a Posit Connect server?

snowflakeConnectionName

Name for the Snowflake connection parameters stored in connections. toml.

guiet Suppress output and prompts where possible.

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# register a local server
addServer("http://myrsconnect/", "myserver")
# list servers
servers(local = TRUE)
# connect to an account on the server
connectUser(server = "myserver")
## End(Not run)
```

appDependencies

Detect application dependencies

#### **Description**

appDependencies() recursively detects all R package dependencies for an application by parsing all .R and .Rmd files and looking for calls to library(), require(), requireNamespace(), ::, and so on. It then adds implicit dependencies (i.e. an .Rmd requires Rmarkdown) and adds all recursive dependencies to create a complete manifest of package packages need to be installed to run the app.

Supported servers: All servers

#### Usage

```
appDependencies(
  appDir = getwd(),
  appFiles = NULL,
  appFileManifest = NULL,
  appMode = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

appDir

A directory containing an application (e.g. a Shiny app or plumber API). Defaults to the current directory.

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appFiles, appFileManifest

Use appFiles to specify a character vector of files to bundle in the app or appFileManifest to provide a path to a file containing a list of such files. If neither are supplied, will bundle all files in appDir, apart from standard exclusions and files listed in a .rscignore file. See listDeploymentFiles() for more details.

appMode

Optional; the type of content being deployed. Provide this option when the inferred type of content is incorrect. This can happen, for example, when static HTML content includes a downloadable Shiny application app.R. Accepted values include "shiny", "api", "rmd-static", "rmd-shiny", "quarto-static", "quarto-shiny", and "static". The Posit Connect API Reference contains a full set of available values. Not all servers support all types of content.

#### Value

A data frame with one row for each dependency (direct, indirect, and inferred), and 4 columns:

- · Package: package name.
- Version: local version.
- Source: a short string describing the source of the package install, as described above.
- Repository: for CRAN and CRAN-like repositories, the URL to the repository. This will be ignored by the server if it has been configured with its own repository name -> repository URL mapping.

#### **Dependency discovery**

rsconnect use one of three mechanisms to find which packages your application uses:

- 1. If renv.lock is present, it will use the versions and sources defined in that file. If you're using the lockfile for some other purpose and don't want it to affect deployment, add renv.lock to .rscignore.
- 2. Otherwise, rsconnect will call renv::snapshot() to find all packages used by your code. If you'd instead prefer to only use the packages declared in a DESCRIPTION file, run renv::settings\$snapshot.type("e to activate renv's "explicit" mode.
- 3. Dependency resolution using renv is a new feature in rsconnect 1.0.0, and while we have done our best to test it, it still might fail for your app. If this happens, please file an issue then set options(rsconnect.packrat = TRUE) to revert to the old dependency discovery mechanism.

#### **Remote installation**

When deployed, the app must first install all of these packages, and rsconnect ensures the versions used on the server will match the versions you used locally. It knows how to install packages from the following sources:

- CRAN and BioConductor (Source: CRAN or Source: Bioconductor). The remote server will ignore the specific CRAN or Bioconductor mirror that you use locally, always using the CRAN/BioC mirror that has been configured on the server.
- Other CRAN like and CRAN-like repositories. These packages will have a Source determined by the value of getOptions("repos"). For example, if you've set the following options:

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```
options(
   repos = c(
        CRAN = "https://cran.rstudio.com/",
        CORPORATE = "https://corporate-packages.development.company.com"
   )
)
```

Then packages installed from your corporate package repository will have source CORPORATE. Posit Connect can be configured to override their repository url so that (e.g.) you can use different packages versions on staging and production servers.

• Packages installed from GitHub, GitLab, or BitBucket, have Source github, gitlab, and bitbucket respectively. When deployed, the bundle contains the additional metadata needed to precisely recreated the installed version.

It's not possible to recreate the packages that you have built and installed from a directory on your local computer. This will have Source: NA and will cause the deployment to error. To resolve this issue, you'll need to install from one of the known sources described above.

#### Suggested packages

The Suggests field is not included when determining recursive dependencies, so it's possible that not every package required to run your application will be detected.

For example, ggplot2's geom\_hex() requires the hexbin package to be installed, but it is only suggested by ggplot2. So if your app uses geom\_hex() it will fail, reporting that the hexbin package is not installed.

You can overcome this problem with (e.g.) requireNamespace(hexbin). This will tell rsconnect that your app needs the hexbin package, without otherwise affecting your code.

#### See Also

rsconnectPackages(Using Packages with rsconnect)

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# dependencies for the app in the current working dir
appDependencies()
# dependencies for an app in another directory
appDependencies("~/projects/shiny/app1")
## End(Not run)
```

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applications	List Deployed Applications

## Description

List all applications currently deployed for a given account.

Supported servers: All servers

#### Usage

```
applications(account = NULL, server = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server

name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be

prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

#### Value

Returns a data frame with the following columns:

id	Application unique id
name	Name of application
title	Application title

url URL where application can be accessed

status Current status of application. Valid values are pending, deploying, running, terminating, and terminated

size Instance size (small, medium, large, etc.) (on ShinyApps.io)

instances Number of instances (on ShinyApps.io) config\_url URL where application can be configured

### Note

To register an account you call the setAccountInfo() function.

#### See Also

```
deployApp(), terminateApp()
```

Other Deployment functions: deployAPI(), deployApp(), deployDoc(), deploySite(), deployTFModel()

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#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:

# list all applications for the default account
applications()

# list all applications for a specific account
applications("myaccount")

# view the list of applications in the data viewer
View(applications())

## End(Not run)
```

authorizedUsers

(Deprecated) List authorized users for an application

## Description

(Deprecated) List authorized users for an application

#### Usage

```
authorizedUsers(appDir = getwd())
```

#### **Arguments**

appDir

Directory containing application. Defaults to current working directory.

configureApp

Configure an Application

#### **Description**

Configure an application running on a remote server.

Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

## Usage

```
configureApp(
  appName,
  appDir = getwd(),
  account = NULL,
  server = NULL,
  redeploy = TRUE,
  size = NULL,
```

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```
instances = NULL,
logLevel = c("normal", "quiet", "verbose")
)
```

#### **Arguments**

appName Name of application to configure

appDir Directory containing application. Defaults to current working directory.

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server

name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be

prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

redeploy Re-deploy application after its been configured.

size Configure application instance size

instances Configure number of application instances

logLevel One of "quiet", "normal" or "verbose"; indicates how much logging to the

console is to be performed. At "quiet" reports no information; at "verbose",

a full diagnostic log is captured.

#### Note

This function works only for ShinyApps servers.

#### See Also

```
applications(), deployApp()
```

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:

# set instance size for an application
configureApp("myapp", size="xlarge")

## End(Not run)
```

connectApiUser

Register account on Posit Connect

#### **Description**

connectUser() and connectApiUser() connect your Posit Connect account to the rsconnect package so that it can deploy and manage applications on your behalf.

connectUser() is the easiest place to start because it allows you to authenticate in-browser to your Posit Connect server. connectApiUser() is appropriate for non-interactive settings; you'll need to copy-and-paste the API key from your account settings.

Supported servers: Posit Connect servers

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#### Usage

```
connectApiUser(account = NULL, server = NULL, apiKey, quiet = FALSE)
connectUser(
  account = NULL,
  server = NULL,
 quiet = FALSE,
  launch.browser = getOption("rsconnect.launch.browser", interactive())
)
```

#### **Arguments**

A name for the account to connect. account

server The server to connect to.

apiKey The API key used to authenticate the user

quiet Whether or not to show messages and prompts while connecting the account.

If true, the system's default web browser will be launched automatically after launch.browser

> the app is started. Defaults to TRUE in interactive sessions only. If a function is passed, it will be called after the app is started, with the app URL as a parameter.

#### See Also

Other Account functions: accounts(), connectCloudUser(), setAccountInfo()

connectCloudUser

Register account on Posit Connect Cloud

#### **Description**

connectCloudUser() connects your Posit Connect Cloud account to the rsconnect package so that it can deploy and manage applications on your behalf. It will open a browser window to authenticate, then prompt you to create an account or select an account to use if you have multiple.

Supported servers: Posit Connect Cloud servers

#### **Usage**

```
connectCloudUser(launch.browser = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

launch.browser If true, the system's default web browser will be launched automatically after the app is started. Defaults to TRUE in interactive sessions only. If a function is passed, it will be called after the app is started, with the app URL as a parameter.

#### See Also

Other Account functions: accounts(), connectApiUser(), setAccountInfo()

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connectSPCSUser

Register account on Posit Connect in Snowpark Container Services

#### **Description**

connectSPCSUser() connects your Posit Connect account to the resconnect package so it can deploy and manage applications on your behalf. Configure a connections.toml file in the appropriate location.

Supported servers: Posit Connect servers

#### Usage

```
connectSPCSUser(
  account = NULL,
  server = NULL,
  snowflakeConnectionName,
  quiet = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

account A name for the account to connect.

server The server to connect to.

 $\verb|snowflakeConnectionName| \\$ 

Name for the Snowflake connection parameters stored in connections.toml.

quiet

Whether or not to show messages and prompts while connecting the account.

deployAPI

Deploy a Plumber API

#### **Description**

Deploys an application consisting of plumber API routes. The given directory must contain a script returning a plumb object or a plumber API definition.

Supported servers: Posit Connect and ShinyApps servers

#### Usage

```
deployAPI(api, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

api Path to the API project directory. Must contain either entrypoint.R or plumber.R

(for plumber APIs) or \_server.yml (for plumber2 APIs)

... Additional arguments to deployApp().

#### **Details**

Deploy a plumber API definition by either supplying a directory containing plumber.R (an API definition) or entrypoint.R that returns a plumb object created by plumber::plumb(). See the plumber documentation for more information. Alternatively, deploy a plumber2 API by supplying a directory containing \_server.yml.

#### See Also

Other Deployment functions: applications(), deployApp(), deployDoc(), deploySite(), deployTFModel()

deployApp

Deploy an Application

#### **Description**

Deploy a shiny application, an RMarkdown document, a plumber API, or HTML content to a server. Supported servers: All servers

### Usage

```
deployApp(
  appDir = getwd(),
  appFiles = NULL,
  appFileManifest = NULL,
  appPrimaryDoc = NULL,
  appSourceDoc = NULL,
  appName = NULL,
  appTitle = NULL,
  envVars = NULL,
  appId = NULL,
  appMode = NULL,
  contentCategory = NULL,
  account = NULL,
  server = NULL,
  upload = TRUE,
  recordDir = NULL,
  launch.browser = getOption("rsconnect.launch.browser", is_interactive()),
  on.failure = NULL,
  logLevel = c("normal", "quiet", "verbose"),
  lint = TRUE,
 metadata = list(),
  forceUpdate = NULL,
  python = NULL,
  forceGeneratePythonEnvironment = FALSE,
  quarto = NA,
  appVisibility = NULL,
```

```
image = NULL,
envManagement = NULL,
envManagementR = NULL,
envManagementPy = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

appDir

A directory containing an application (e.g. a Shiny app or plumber API). Defaults to the current directory.

appFiles, appFileManifest

Use appFiles to specify a character vector of files to bundle in the app or appFileManifest to provide a path to a file containing a list of such files. If neither are supplied, will bundle all files in appDir, apart from standard exclusions and files listed in a .rscignore file. See listDeploymentFiles() for more details.

appPrimaryDoc

If the application contains more than one document, this parameter indicates the primary one, as a path relative to appDir. Can be NULL, in which case the primary document is inferred from the contents being deployed.

appSourceDoc

[Deprecated] Please use recordDir instead.

appName

Application name, a string consisting of letters, numbers, \_ and -. The application name is used to identify applications on a server, so must be unique.

If not specified, the first deployment will be automatically it from the appDir for directory and website, and from the appPrimaryDoc for document. On subsequent deploys, it will use the previously stored value.

appTitle

Free-form descriptive title of application. Optional; if supplied, will often be displayed in favor of the name. If ommitted, on second and subsequent deploys, the title will be unchanged.

envVars

A character vector giving the names of environment variables whose values should be synchronised with the server (currently supported by Connect only). The values of the environment variables are sent over an encrypted connection and are not stored in the bundle, making this a safe way to send private data to Connect.

The values of sensitive environment variables should be set in the current session via an .Renviron file or with the help of a credential store like keyring. Avoid using Sys.setenv() for sensitive values, as that results in the value appearing in your .Rhistory.

The names (not values) are stored in the deployment record so that future deployments will automatically update their values. Other environment variables on the server will not be affected. This means that removing an environment variable from envVars will leave it unchanged on the server. To remove it, either delete it using the Connect UI, or temporarily unset it (with Sys.unsetenv() or similar) then re-deploy.

Environment variables are set prior to deployment so that your code can use them and the first deployment can still succeed. Note that means that if the deployment fails, the values will still be updated.

appId

Use this to deploy to an exact known application, ignoring all existing deployment records and appName.

You can use this to update an existing application that is missing a deployment record. If you're re-deploying an application that you created it's generally easier to use appName; appId is best reserved for re-deploying apps created by someone else.

You can find the appId in the following places:

- For Posit Connect, it's guid from the info tab on the content page.
- For Posit Connect Cloud, it can be found in the content admin page's URL https://connect.posit.cloud/{accountName}/content/{appId}).
- On shinyapps.io, it's the id listed on the applications page.

Optional; the type of content being deployed. Provide this option when the inferred type of content is incorrect. This can happen, for example, when static HTML content includes a downloadable Shiny application app. R. Accepted values include "shiny", "api", "rmd-static", "rmd-shiny", "quarto-static", "quarto-shiny", and "static". The Posit Connect API Reference contains a full set of available values. Not all servers support all types of content.

contentCategory

Optional; classifies the kind of content being deployed (e.g. "plot" or "site").

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

upload

If TRUE (the default) then the application is uploaded from the local system prior to deployment. If FALSE then it is re-deployed using the last version that was uploaded. FALSE is only supported on Posit Connect Cloud and shinyapps.io; TRUE is required on Posit Connect.

recordDir

Directory where deployment record is written. The default, NULL, uses appDir, since this is usually where you want the deployment data to be stored. This argument is typically only needed when deploying a directory of static files since you want to store the record with the code that generated those files, not the files themselves.

launch.browser

If true, the system's default web browser will be launched automatically after the app is started. Defaults to TRUE in interactive sessions only. If a function is passed, it will be called after the app is started, with the app URL as a paramter.

on.failure

Function to be called if the deployment fails. If a deployment log URL is available, it's passed as a parameter.

logLevel

One of "quiet", "normal" or "verbose"; indicates how much logging to the console is to be performed. At "quiet" reports no information; at "verbose", a full diagnostic log is captured.

lint

Lint the project before initiating deployment, to identify potentially problematic

metadata

Additional metadata fields to save with the deployment record. These fields will be returned on subsequent calls to deployments().

Multi-value fields are recorded as comma-separated values and returned in that form. Custom value serialization is the responsibility of the caller.

appMode

forceUpdate

What should happen if there's no deployment record for the app, but there's an app with the same name on the server? If TRUE, will always update the previously-deployed app. If FALSE, will ask the user what to do, or fail if not in an interactive context.

Defaults to TRUE when called automatically by the IDE, and FALSE otherwise. You can override the default by setting option rsconnect.force.update.apps.

python

Full path to a python binary for use by reticulate. Required if reticulate is a dependency of the app being deployed. If python = NULL, and RETICULATE\_PYTHON or RETICULATE\_PYTHON\_FALLBACK is set in the environment, its value will be used. The specified python binary will be invoked to determine its version and to list the python packages installed in the environment

forceGeneratePythonEnvironment

Optional. If an existing requirements.txt file is found, it will be overwritten when this argument is TRUE.

quarto

Should the deployed content be built by quarto? (TRUE, FALSE, or NA). The default, NA, will use quarto if there are .qmd files in the bundle, or if there is a \_quarto.yml and .Rmd files.

(This option is ignored and quarto will always be used if the metadata contains quarto\_version and quarto\_engines fields.)

appVisibility

One of NULL, "private", or "public"; the visibility of the deployment. When NULL, no change to visibility is made. Currently has an effect only on deployments to shinyapps.io.

image

Optional. The name of the image to use when building and executing this content. If none is provided, Posit Connect will attempt to choose an image based on the content requirements. You can override the default by setting the environment variable RSCONNECT\_IMAGE.

envManagement

Optional. Should Posit Connect install R and Python packages for this content? (TRUE, FALSE, or NULL). The default, NULL, will not write any values to the bundle manifest, and Connect will fall back to the application default environment management strategy, or the server default if no application default is defined.

(This option is a shorthand flag which overwrites the values of both envManagementR and envManagementPy.)

envManagementR

Optional. Should Posit Connect install R packages for this content? (TRUE, FALSE, or NULL). The default, NULL, will not write any values to the bundle manifest, and Connect will fall back to the application default R environment management strategy, or the server default if no application default is defined.

(This option is ignored when envManagement is non-NULL.)

 ${\tt envManagementPy}$ 

Optional. Should Posit Connect install Python packages for this content? (TRUE, FALSE, or NULL). The default, NULL, will not write any values to the bundle manifest, and Connect will fall back to the application default Python environment management strategy, or the server default if no application default is defined.

(This option is ignored when envManagement is non-NULL.)

#### **Details**

#### **Deployment records:**

When deploying an app, deployApp() will save a deployment record that makes it easy to update the app on server from your local source code. This generally means that you need to only need to supply important arguments (e.g. appName, appTitle, server/account) on the first deploy, and rsconnect will reuse the same settings on subsequent deploys.

The metadata needs to make this work is stored in {appDir}/rsconnect/. You should generally check these files into version control to ensure that future you and other collaborators will publish to the same location.

If you have lost this directory, all is not lost, as deployApp() will attempt to rediscover existing deployments. This is easiest if you are updating an app that you created, as you can just supply the appName (and server/account if you have multiple accounts) and deployApp() will find the existing application account. If you need to update an app that was created by someone else (that you have write permission) for, you'll instead need to supply the appId.

#### See Also

```
applications(), terminateApp(), and restartApp()
Other Deployment functions: applications(), deployAPI(), deployDoc(), deploySite(), deployTFModel()
```

#### **Examples**

## Not run:

```
# deploy the application in the current working dir
deployApp()
# deploy an application in another directory
deployApp("~/projects/shiny/app1")
# deploy using an alternative application name and title
deployApp("~/projects/shiny/app1", appName = "myapp",
          appTitle = "My Application")
# deploy specifying an explicit account name, then
# redeploy with no arguments (will automatically use
# the previously specified account)
deployApp(account = "jsmith")
deployApp()
# deploy but don't launch a browser when completed
deployApp(launch.browser = FALSE)
# deploy a Quarto website, using the quarto package to
# find the Quarto binary
deployApp("~/projects/quarto/site1")
# deploy application with environment variables
# (e.g., `SECRET_PASSWORD=XYZ` is set via an ~/.Renviron file)
rsconnect::deployApp(envVars = c("SECRET_PASSWORD"))
```

deployDoc 21

```
## End(Not run)
```

deployDoc

Deploy a single document

### **Description**

Deploys a single R Markdown, Quarto document, or other file (e.g. . html or .pdf).

When deploying an .Rmd, .Qmd, or .html, deployDoc() will attempt to automatically discover dependencies using rmarkdown::find\_external\_resources(), and include an .Rprofile if present. If you find that the document is missing dependencies, either specify the dependencies explicitly in the document (see rmarkdown::find\_external\_resources() for details), or call deployApp() directly and specify your own file list in appFiles.

Supported servers: All servers

#### Usage

```
deployDoc(doc, ..., logLevel = c("normal", "quiet", "verbose"))
```

#### **Arguments**

doc Path to the document to deploy.

... Additional arguments to deployApp(). Do not supply appDir, appFiles, or

appPrimaryDoc; these three parameters are automatically generated by deployDoc

from the document.

logLevel One of "quiet", "normal" or "verbose"; indicates how much logging to the

console is to be performed. At "quiet" reports no information; at "verbose",

a full diagnostic log is captured.

#### See Also

Other Deployment functions: applications(), deployAPI(), deployApp(), deploySite(), deployTFModel()

## Examples

```
## Not run:
deployDoc("my-report.Rmd")
deployDoc("static-file.html")
## End(Not run)
```

22 deployments

deployments

List Application Deployments

#### Description

List deployment records for a given application.

Supported servers: All servers

#### Usage

```
deployments(
  appPath = ".",
  nameFilter = NULL,
  accountFilter = NULL,
  serverFilter = NULL,
  excludeOrphaned = TRUE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

appPath The path to the content that was deployed, either a directory or an individual

document.

nameFilter Return only deployments matching the given name (optional)
accountFilter Return only deployments matching the given account (optional)
serverFilter Return only deployments matching the given server (optional)

excludeOrphaned

If TRUE (the default), return only deployments made by a currently registered account. Deployments made from accounts that are no longer registered (via

e.g.removeAccount()) will not be returned.

#### Value

Returns a data frame with at least following columns:

name Name of deployed application
account Account owning deployed application
bundleId Identifier of deployed application's bundle

url URL of deployed application deploymentFile Name of configuration file

If additional metadata has been saved with the deployment record using the metadata argument to deployApp(), the frame will include additional columns.

deploySite 23

#### See Also

applications() to get a list of deployments from the server, and deployApp() to create a new deployment.

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:

# Return all deployments of the ~/r/myapp directory made with the 'abc'
# account
deployments("~/r/myapp", accountFilter="abc")

## End(Not run)
```

deploySite

Deploy a website

## Description

Deploy an R Markdown or quarto website to a server.

Supported servers: Posit Connect, Posit Connect Cloud and ShinyApps servers

#### Usage

```
deploySite(
    siteDir = getwd(),
    siteName = NULL,
    siteTitle = NULL,
    account = NULL,
    server = NULL,
    render = c("none", "local", "server"),
    launch.browser = getOption("rsconnect.launch.browser", interactive()),
    logLevel = c("normal", "quiet", "verbose"),
    lint = FALSE,
    metadata = list(),
    python = NULL,
    recordDir = NULL,
    ...
)
```

#### **Arguments**

siteDir Directory containing website. Defaults to current directory.

siteName

Name for the site (names must be unique within an account). Defaults to the base name of the specified siteDir or to the name provided by a custom site generation function.

24 deploySite

Title for the site. For quarto sites only, if not supplied uses the title recorded in \_quarto.yml.

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server

name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be

prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

render Rendering behavior for site:

• "none" uploads a static version of the current contents of the site directory.

• "local" renders the site locally then uploads it.

• "server" uploads the source of the site to render on the server.

Note that for "none" and "local" source files (e.g. .R, .Rmd and .md) will not be uploaded to the server.

launch.browser If true, the system's default web browser will be launched automatically after

the app is started. Defaults to TRUE in interactive sessions only. If a function is passed, it will be called after the app is started, with the app URL as a paramter.

logLevel One of "quiet", "normal" or "verbose"; indicates how much logging to the

console is to be performed. At "quiet" reports no information; at "verbose",

a full diagnostic log is captured.

Lint the project before initiating deployment, to identify potentially problematic

code?

metadata Additional metadata fields to save with the deployment record. These fields will

be returned on subsequent calls to deployments().

Multi-value fields are recorded as comma-separated values and returned in that

form. Custom value serialization is the responsibility of the caller.

python Full path to a python binary for use by reticulate. Required if reticulate

is a dependency of the app being deployed. If python = NULL, and RETICU-LATE\_PYTHON or RETICULATE\_PYTHON\_FALLBACK is set in the environment, its value will be used. The specified python binary will be invoked to determine its version and to list the python packages installed in the environ-

ment.

recordDir The default, NULL, uses siteDir.

... Additional arguments to deployApp(). Do not supply appDir or appFiles;

these parameters are automatically generated by deploySite().

#### See Also

Other Deployment functions: applications(), deployAPI(), deployApp(), deployDoc(), deployTFModel()

deployTFModel 25

deployTFModel

Deploy a TensorFlow saved model

### **Description**

Deploys a directory containing a TensorFlow saved model.

Supported servers: Posit Connect and ShinyApps servers

## Usage

```
deployTFModel(...)
```

#### **Arguments**

... Additional arguments to deployApp().

#### See Also

Other Deployment functions: applications(), deployAPI(), deployApp(), deployDoc(), deploySite()

forgetDeployment

Forget Application Deployment

## **Description**

Forgets about an application deployment. This is useful if the application has been deleted on the server, or the local deployment information needs to be reset.

Supported servers: All servers

#### Usage

```
forgetDeployment(
  appPath = getwd(),
  name = NULL,
  account = NULL,
  server = NULL,
  dryRun = FALSE,
  force = !interactive()
)
```

26 lint

#### **Arguments**

appPath	The path to the content that was deployed, either a directory or an individual document.
name	The name of the content that was deployed (optional)
account	The name of the account to which the content was deployed (optional)
server	The name of the server to which the content was deployed (optional)
dryRun	Set to TRUE to preview the files/directories to be removed instead of actually removing them. Defaults to FALSE.
force	Set to TRUE to remove files and directories without prompting. Defaults to FALSE in interactive sessions.

### **Details**

This method removes from disk the file containing deployment metadata. If "name", "account", and "server" are all NULL, then all of the deployments for the application are forgotten; otherwise, only the specified deployment is forgotten.

#### Value

NULL, invisibly.

lint Lint a Project	<b>.</b> .	The Park of	
· ·	lint	Lint a Project	
		v	

#### **Description**

Takes the set of active linters (see addLinter()), and applies them to all files within a project.

Supported servers: All servers

#### Usage

```
lint(project, files = NULL, appPrimaryDoc = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

project	Path to a pr	oject directory.
project	r aur to a pr	oject unectory.

files Specific files to lint. Can be NULL, in which case all the files in the directory

will be linted.

appPrimaryDoc The primary file in the project directory. Can be NULL, in which case it's in-

ferred (if possible) from the directory contents.

linter 27

linter	Create a Linter
TILLCI	Create a Linter

#### **Description**

Generate a linter, which can identify errors or problematic regions in a project.

Supported servers: All servers

Generate a linter, which can identify errors or problematic regions in a project.

#### Usage

```
linter(apply, takes, message, suggestion)
linter(apply, takes, message, suggestion)
```

#### **Arguments**

apply	Function that, given the content of a file, returns the indices at which problems were found.
takes	Function that, given a set of paths, returns the subset of paths that this linter uses.
message	Function that, given content and lines, returns an informative message for the user. Typically generated with makeLinterMessage().
suggestion	String giving a prescribed fix for the linted problem.

## **Examples**

```
addLinter("no.capitals", linter(
 ## Identify lines containing capital letters -- either by name or by index
 apply = function(content, ...) {
   grep("[A-Z]", content)
 },
 ## Only use this linter on R files (paths ending with .r or .R)
 takes = function(paths) {
   grep("[rR]$", paths)
 },
 # Use the default message constructor
 message = function(content, lines, ...) {
   makeLinterMessage("Capital letters found on the following lines", content, lines)
 },
 # Give a suggested prescription
 suggest = "Do not use capital letters in these documents."
))
```

28 listAccountEnvVars

```
addLinter("no.capitals", linter(
 ## Identify lines containing capital letters -- either by name or by index
 apply = function(content, ...) {
   grep("[A-Z]", content)
 },
 ## Only use this linter on R files (paths ending with .r or .R)
 takes = function(paths) {
   grep("[rR]$", paths)
 },
 # Use the default message constructor
 message = function(content, lines, ...) {
   makeLinterMessage("Capital letters found on the following lines", content, lines)
 },
 # Give a suggested prescription
 suggest = "Do not use capital letters in these documents."
))
```

listAccountEnvVars

Maintain environment variables across multiple applications

## Description

- listAccountEnvVars() lists the environment variables used by every application published to the specified account.
- updateAccountEnvVars() updates the specified environment variables with their current values for every app that uses them.

Secure environment variable are currently only supported by Posit Connect so other server types will generate an error.

Supported servers: Posit Connect servers

#### Usage

```
listAccountEnvVars(server = NULL, account = NULL)
updateAccountEnvVars(envVars, server = NULL, account = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

listDeploymentFiles 29

envVars

Names of environment variables to update. Their values will be automatically retrieved from the current process.

If you specify multiple environment variables, any application that uses any of them will be updated with all of them.

#### Value

listAccountEnvVars() returns a data frame with one row for each data frame. It has variables id, guid, name, and envVars. envVars is a list-column.

listDeploymentFiles

Gather files to be bundled with an app

#### **Description**

Given an app directory, and optional appFiles and appFileManifest arguments, returns vector of paths to bundle in the app. (Note that documents follow a different strategy; see deployDoc() for details.)

When neither appFiles nor appFileManifest is supplied, listDeploymentFiles() will include all files under appDir, apart from the following:

- Certain files and folders that don't need to be bundled, such as version control directories, internal config files, and RStudio state, are automatically excluded.
- You can exclude additional files by listing them in in a .rscignore file. This file must have one file or directory per line (with path relative to the current directory). It doesn't support wildcards, or ignoring files in subdirectories.

listDeploymentFiles() will throw an error if the total file size exceeds the maximum bundle size (as controlled by option rsconnect.max.bundle.size), or the number of files exceeds the maximum file limit (as controlled by option rsconnect.max.bundle.files). This prevents you from accidentally bundling a very large directory (i.e. you home directory).

Supported servers: All servers

#### Usage

```
listDeploymentFiles(
  appDir,
  appFiles = NULL,
  appFileManifest = NULL,
  error_call = caller_env()
)
```

30 makeLinterMessage

## Arguments

appDir A directory containing an application (e.g. a Shiny app or plumber API). De-

faults to the current directory.

appFiles, appFileManifest

Use appFiles to specify a character vector of files to bundle in the app or appFileManifest to provide a path to a file containing a list of such files. If neither are supplied, will bundle all files in appDir, apart from standard exclusions and files listed in a .rscignore file. See listDeploymentFiles() for

more details.

error\_call The call or environment for error reporting; expert use only.

#### Value

Character of paths to bundle, relative to appDir.

makeLinterMessage

Construct a Linter Message

## **Description**

Pretty-prints a linter message. Primarily used as a helper for constructing linter messages with linter().

Supported servers: All servers

#### Usage

makeLinterMessage(header, content, lines)

#### **Arguments**

header A header message describing the linter.

content The content of the file that was linted.

lines The line numbers from content that contain lint.

purgeApp 31

purgeApp	Purge an Application

## Description

Purge a currently archived ShinyApps application.

Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

## Usage

```
purgeApp(appName, account = NULL, server = NULL, quiet = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

appName	Name of application to purge
account	Account name. If a single account is registered on the system then this parameter can be omitted.
server	Server name. Required only if you use the same account name on multiple servers (see servers())
quiet	Request that no status information be printed to the console during the termination.

### Note

This function only works for ShinyApps servers.

#### See Also

```
applications(), deployApp(), and restartApp()
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# purge an application
purgeApp("myapp")
## End(Not run)
```

32 removeAuthorizedUser

removeAuthorizedUser

Remove authorized user from an application

## Description

Remove authorized user from an application

Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

## Usage

```
removeAuthorizedUser(
  user,
  appDir = getwd(),
  appName = NULL,
  account = NULL,
  server = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

user The user to remove. Can be id or email address.

appDir Directory containing application. Defaults to current working directory.

appName Name of application.

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server

name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be

prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

#### Note

This function works only for ShinyApps servers.

#### See Also

```
addAuthorizedUser() and showUsers()
```

resendInvitation 33

resendInvitation

Resend invitation for invited users of an application

#### **Description**

Resend invitation for invited users of an application

Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

#### Usage

```
resendInvitation(
  invite,
  regenerate = FALSE,
  appDir = getwd(),
  appName = NULL,
  account = NULL,
  server = NULL
```

#### Arguments

invite The invitation to resend. Can be id or email address.

regenerate Regenerate the invite code. Can be helpful is the invitation has expired.

appDir Directory containing application. Defaults to current working directory.

appName Name of application.

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server

name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be

prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

#### Note

This function works only for ShinyApps servers.

#### See Also

```
showInvited()
```

34 restartApp

restartApp	Restart an Application

## Description

Restart an application currently running on a remote server.

Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

## Usage

```
restartApp(appName, account = NULL, server = NULL, quiet = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

appName	Name of application to restart
account	Account name. If a single account is registered on the system then this parameter can be omitted.
server	Server name. Required only if you use the same account name on multiple servers (see servers())
quiet	Request that no status information be printed to the console during the operation.

## Note

This function works only for ShinyApps servers.

## See Also

```
applications(), deployApp(), and terminateApp()
```

## Examples

```
## Not run:
# restart an application
restartApp("myapp")
## End(Not run)
```

rpubsUpload 35

rpubsUpload	Upload a file to RPubs
-------------	------------------------

#### Description

This function publishes a file to rpubs.com. If the upload succeeds a list that includes an id and continueUrl is returned. A browser should be opened to the continueUrl to complete publishing of the document. If an error occurs then a diagnostic message is returned in the error element of the list.

Supported servers: RPubs servers

### Usage

```
rpubsUpload(title, contentFile, originalDoc, id = NULL, properties = list())
```

#### **Arguments**

title	The title of the document.
contentFile	The path to the content file to upload.
originalDoc	The document that was rendered to produce the contentFile. May be NULL if the document is not known.
id	If this upload is an update of an existing document then the id parameter should specify the document id to update. Note that the id is provided as an element of the list returned by successful calls to rpubsUpload.
properties	A named list containing additional document properties (RPubs doesn't currently expect any additional properties, this parameter is reserved for future use).

#### Value

A named list. If the upload was successful then the list contains a id element that can be used to subsequently update the document as well as a continueUrl element that provides a URL that a browser should be opened to in order to complete publishing of the document. If the upload fails then the list contains an error element which contains an explanation of the error that occurred.

## Examples

36 rsconnectOptions

## End(Not run)

rsconnectOptions Package Options

#### **Description**

The **rsconnect** package supports several options that control the method used for http communications, the printing of diagnostic information for http requests, and the launching of an external browser after deployment.

#### **Details**

Supported global options include:

rsconnect.ca.bundle Path to a custom bundle of Certificate Authority root certificates to use when connecting to servers via SSL. This option can also be specied in the environment variable RSCONNECT\_CA\_BUNDLE. Leave undefined to use your system's default certificate store.

rsconnect.check.certificate Whether to check the SSL certificate when connecting to a remote host; defaults to TRUE. Setting to FALSE is insecure, but will allow you to connect to hosts using invalid certificates as a last resort.

rsconnect.http Http implementation used for connections to the back-end service:

libcurl Secure https using the curl R package

rcurl Secure https using the Rcurl R package (deprecated)

curl Secure https using the curl system utility

internal Insecure http using raw sockets

If no option is specified then libcurl is used by default.

rsconnect.http.trace When TRUE, trace http calls (prints the method, path, and total milliseconds for each http request)

rsconnect.http.trace.json When TRUE, trace JSON content (shows JSON payloads sent to and received from the server))

rsconnect.http.verbose When TRUE, print verbose output for http connections (useful only for debugging SSL certificate or http connection problems)

rsconnect.tar By default, rsconnect uses R's internal tar implementation to compress content bundles. This may cause invalid bundles in some environments. In those cases, use this option to specify a path to an alternate tar executable. This option can also be specified in the environment variable RSCONNECT\_TAR. Leave undefined to use the default tar implementation.

rsconnect.rcurl.options A named list of additional cURL options to use when using the RCurl HTTP implementation in R. Run RCurl::curlOptions() to see available options.

rsconnect.libcurl.options A named list of additional cURL options to use when using the curl HTTP implementation in R. Run curl::curl\_options() to see available options.

rsconnectOptions 37

rsconnect.error.trace When TRUE, print detailed stack traces for errors occurring during deployment.

rsconnect.launch.browser When TRUE, automatically launch a browser to view applications after they are deployed

rsconnect.locale.cache When FALSE, disable the detected locale cache (Windows only).

rsconnect.locale Override the detected locale.

rsconnect.max.bundle.size The maximum size, in bytes, for deployed content. If not set, defaults to 3 GB.

rsconnect.max.bundle.files The maximum number of files to deploy. If not set, defaults to 10.000.

rsconnect.force.update.apps When TRUE, bypasses the prompt to confirm whether you wish to update previously-deployed content

rsconnect.pre.deploy A function to run prior to deploying content; it receives as an argument the directory containing the content about to be deployed.

rsconnect.post.deploy A function to run after successfully deploying content; it receives as an argument the directory containing the content about to be deployed.

rsconnect.python.enabled When TRUE, use the python executable specified by the RETICULATE\_PYTHON environment variable and add a python section to the deployment manifest. By default, python is enabled when deploying to Posit Connect and disabled when deploying to shinyapps.io.

When deploying content from the RStudio IDE, the rsconnect package's deployment methods are executed in a vanilla R session that doesn't execute startup scripts. This can make it challenging to ensure options are set properly prior to push-button deployment, so the rsconnect package has a parallel set of "startup" scripts it runs prior to deploying. The follow are run in order, if they exist, prior to deployment:

\$R\_HOME/etc/rsconnect.site Like Rprofile.site; for site-wide pre-flight and options.

~/.rsconnect\_profile Like .Rprofile; for user-specific content.

\$PROJECT/.rsconnect\_profile Like .Rprofile for projects; \$PROJECT here refers to the root directory of the content being deployed.

Note that, unlike .Rprofile, these files don't replace each other; all three will be run if they exist.

```
## Not run:

# use curl for http connections
options(rsconnect.http = "curl")

# trace http requests
options(rsconnect.http.trace = TRUE)

# print verbose output for http requests
options(rsconnect.http.verbose = TRUE)

# print JSON content
```

38 servers

```
options(rsconnect.http.trace.json = TRUE)
# don't automatically launch a browser after deployment
options(rsconnect.launch.browser = FALSE)
## End(Not run)
```

servers

Server metadata

## Description

servers() lists all known servers; serverInfo() gets metadata about a specific server. Cloud server shinyapps.io is always automatically registered and available.

Supported servers: All servers

## Usage

```
servers(local = FALSE)
serverInfo(name = NULL)
```

# Arguments

local Return only local servers? (i.e. not automatically registered cloud servers)

name Server name. If omitted, you'll be prompted to pick a server.

#### Value

servers() returns a data frame with registered server names and URLs. serverInfo() returns a list with details for a particular server.

```
# List all registered servers
servers()
# Get information about a server
serverInfo("shinyapps.io")
```

setAccountInfo 39

setAccountInfo	Register account on shinyapps.io
----------------	----------------------------------

## **Description**

Configure a ShinyApps account for publishing from this system.

Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

# Usage

```
setAccountInfo(name, token, secret, server = "shinyapps.io")
```

# Arguments

name Name of account to save or remove

token User token for the account secret User secret for the account

server Server to associate account with.

#### See Also

```
Other Account functions: accounts(), connectApiUser(), connectCloudUser()
```

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:

# register an account
setAccountInfo("user", "token", "secret")

# remove the same account
removeAccount("user")

## End(Not run)
```

setProperty

Set Application property

## **Description**

Set a property on currently deployed ShinyApps application.

Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

40 setProperty

#### Usage

```
setProperty(
  propertyName,
  propertyValue,
  appPath = getwd(),
  appName = NULL,
  account = NULL,
  server = NULL,
  force = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

propertyName Name of property

propertyValue Property value

appPath Directory or file that was deployed. Defaults to current working directory.

appName Name of application

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server

name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be

prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

force Forcibly set the property

## Note

This function only works for ShinyApps servers.

```
## Not run:

# set instance size for an application
setProperty("application.instances.count", 1)

# disable application package cache
setProperty("application.package.cache", FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

showInvited 41

showInvited	List invited users for an application	
-------------	---------------------------------------	--

## **Description**

List invited users for an application Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

## Usage

```
showInvited(appDir = getwd(), appName = NULL, account = NULL, server = NULL)
```

# Arguments

appDir Directory containing application. Defaults to current working directory.

appName Name of application.

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server

name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be

prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

#### Note

This function works only for ShinyApps servers.

#### See Also

```
addAuthorizedUser() and showUsers()
```

Application Logs	owl oas	howLogs Application Logs
Application Log	JWLUgs	iowlogs Application Log

## **Description**

These functions provide access to the logs for deployed ShinyApps applications:

- showLogs() displays the logs.
- getLogs() returns the logged lines.

Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

showLogs

## Usage

```
showLogs(
  appPath = getwd(),
  appFile = NULL,
  appName = NULL,
 account = NULL,
  server = NULL,
 entries = 50,
  streaming = FALSE
)
getLogs(
  appPath = getwd(),
  appFile = NULL,
 appName = NULL,
 account = NULL,
 server = NULL,
  entries = 50
)
```

## **Arguments**

appPath	The path to the directory or file that was deployed.
appFile	The path to the R source file that contains the application (for single file applications).
appName	The name of the application to show logs for. May be omitted if only one application deployment was made from appPath.
account	The account under which the application was deployed. May be omitted if only one account is registered on the system.
server	Server name. Required only if you use the same account name on multiple servers.
entries	The number of log entries to show. Defaults to 50 entries.
streaming	Whether to stream the logs. If TRUE, then the function does not return; instead, log entries are written to the console as they are made, until R is interrupted. Defaults to FALSE.

## Value

getLogs() returns a data frame containing the logged lines.

# Note

These functions only use the libcurl transport, and only work for applications deployed to ShinyApps.io.

showMetrics 43

showMetrics

Show Application Metrics

#### **Description**

Show application metrics of a currently deployed application.

Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

#### Usage

```
showMetrics(
 metricSeries.
 metricNames,
  appDir = getwd(),
  appName = NULL,
  account = NULL,
  server = "shinyapps.io",
  from = NULL,
  until = NULL,
  interval = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

metricSeries	Metric series to query.	Refer to the shinyapps.10	documentation for available
	series		

Metric names in the series to query. Refer to the shinyapps.io documentation for metricNames

available metrics.

A directory containing an application (e.g. a Shiny app or plumber API). DeappDir

faults to the current directory.

appName Application name, a string consisting of letters, numbers, \_ and -. The applica-

tion name is used to identify applications on a server, so must be unique.

If not specified, the first deployment will be automatically it from the appDir for directory and website, and from the appPrimaryDoc for document. On sub-

sequent deploys, it will use the previously stored value.

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server

name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be

prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

from Date range starting timestamp (Unix timestamp or relative time delta such as

"2d" or "3w").

until Date range ending timestamp (Unix timestamp or relative time delta such as

"2d" or "3w").

interval Summarization interval. Data points at intervals less then this will be grouped.

(Relative time delta e.g. "120s" or "1h" or "30d").

showUsage

showProperties

Show Application property

## **Description**

Show properties of an application deployed to ShinyApps.

Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

## Usage

```
showProperties(
  appPath = getwd(),
  appName = NULL,
  account = NULL,
  server = NULL
)
```

## **Arguments**

appPath Directory or file that was deployed. Defaults to current working directory.

appName Name of application

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server

name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be

prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

#### Note

This function works only for ShinyApps servers.

showUsage

Show Application Usage

# Description

Show application usage of a currently deployed application

Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

showUsers 45

#### Usage

```
showUsage(
   appDir = getwd(),
   appName = NULL,
   account = NULL,
   server = NULL,
   usageType = "hours",
   from = NULL,
   until = NULL,
   interval = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

appDir Directory containing application. Defaults to current working directory.

appName Name of application

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server

name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be

prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

usageType Use metric to retreive (for example: "hours")

from Date range starting timestamp (Unix timestamp or relative time delta such as

"2d" or "3w").

until Date range ending timestamp (Unix timestamp or relative time delta such as

"2d" or "3w").

interval Summarization interval. Data points at intervals less then this will be grouped.

(Relative time delta e.g. "120s" or "1h" or "30d").

#### Note

This function only works for ShinyApps servers.

showUsers List authorized users for an application

## **Description**

List authorized users for an application Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

## Usage

```
showUsers(appDir = getwd(), appName = NULL, account = NULL, server = NULL)
```

46 syncAppMetadata

## Arguments

appDir Directory containing application. Defaults to current working directory.

appName Name of application.

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server

name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be

prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

## Note

This function works only for ShinyApps servers.

## See Also

```
addAuthorizedUser() and showInvited()
```

syncAppMetadata

Update deployment records

## **Description**

Update the deployment records for applications published to Posit Connect. This updates application title and URL, and deletes records for deployments where the application has been deleted on the server.

Supported servers: Posit Connect servers

#### Usage

```
syncAppMetadata(appPath = ".")
```

# Arguments

appPath

The path to the directory or file that was deployed.

taskLog 47

taskLog Show task log

## **Description**

Writes the task log for the given task Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

## Usage

```
taskLog(taskId, account = NULL, server = NULL, output = NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

taskId Task Id

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server

name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be

prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

output Where to write output. Valid values are NULL or stderr

## Note

This function works only with shinyapps.io.

#### See Also

tasks()

```
## Not run:

# write task log to stdout
taskLog(12345)

# write task log to stderr
taskLog(12345, output="stderr")

## End(Not run)
```

48 tasks

tasks List Tasks

# Description

List Tasks

Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

# Usage

```
tasks(account = NULL, server = NULL)
```

# Arguments

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

#### Value

Returns a data frame with the following columns:

id Task id
action Task action
status Current task status
created\_time finished\_time Task finished time

## Note

This function works only with shinyapps.io.

## See Also

```
taskLog()
```

```
## Not run:
# list tasks for the default account
tasks()
## End(Not run)
```

terminateApp 49

terminateApp	Terminate an Application	

# Description

Terminate and archive a currently deployed ShinyApps application.

Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

# Usage

```
terminateApp(appName, account = NULL, server = NULL, quiet = FALSE)
```

# Arguments

appName	Name of application to terminate
account	Account name. If a single account is registered on the system then this parameter can be omitted.
server	Server name. Required only if you use the same account name on multiple servers (see servers())
quiet	Request that no status information be printed to the console during the termination.

## Note

This function only works for ShinyApps servers.

#### See Also

```
applications(), deployApp(), and restartApp()
```

```
## Not run:
# terminate an application
terminateApp("myapp")
## End(Not run)
```

50 unsetProperty

unsetProperty

**Unset Application property** 

# Description

Unset a property on currently deployed ShinyApps application (restoring to its default value) Supported servers: ShinyApps servers

## Usage

```
unsetProperty(
  propertyName,
  appPath = getwd(),
  appName = NULL,
  account = NULL,
  server = NULL,
  force = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

propertyName Name of property

appPath Directory or file that was deployed. Defaults to current working directory.

appName Name of application

account, server Uniquely identify a remote server with either your user account, the server

name, or both. If neither are supplied, and there are multiple options, you'll be

prompted to pick one.

Use accounts() to see the full list of available options.

force Forcibly unset the property

#### Note

This function only works for ShinyApps servers.

```
## Not run:

# unset application package cache property to revert to default
unsetProperty("application.package.cache")

## End(Not run)
```

writeManifest 51

writeManifest

 $Create\ a\ {\tt manifest.json}$ 

#### **Description**

Use writeManifest() to generate a manifest.json. Among other things, you can commit this file to git to activate Git-Backed content for Posit Connect.

manifest. json contains a list of all files in the app along with their dependencies, so you will need to re-run writeManifest() when either of these change.

Supported servers: All servers

#### Usage

```
writeManifest(
  appDir = getwd(),
  appFiles = NULL,
  appFileManifest = NULL,
  appPrimaryDoc = NULL,
  appMode = NULL,
  contentCategory = NULL,
  python = NULL,
  forceGeneratePythonEnvironment = FALSE,
  quarto = NA,
  image = NULL,
  envManagement = NULL,
  envManagementR = NULL,
  envManagementPy = NULL,
  verbose = FALSE,
  quiet = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

appDir

A directory containing an application (e.g. a Shiny app or plumber API). Defaults to the current directory.

appFiles, appFileManifest

Use appFiles to specify a character vector of files to bundle in the app or appFileManifest to provide a path to a file containing a list of such files. If neither are supplied, will bundle all files in appDir, apart from standard exclusions and files listed in a .rscignore file. See listDeploymentFiles() for more details.

appPrimaryDoc

If the application contains more than one document, this parameter indicates the primary one, as a path relative to appDir. Can be NULL, in which case the primary document is inferred from the contents being deployed.

52 writeManifest

appMode

Optional; the type of content being deployed. Provide this option when the inferred type of content is incorrect. This can happen, for example, when static HTML content includes a downloadable Shiny application app. R. Accepted values include "shiny", "api", "rmd-static", "rmd-shiny", "quarto-static", "quarto-shiny", and "static". The Posit Connect API Reference contains a full set of available values. Not all servers support all types of content.

contentCategory

Set this to "site" if you'd deploy with deploySite(); otherwise leave as is.

python

Full path to a python binary for use by reticulate. Required if reticulate is a dependency of the app being deployed. If python = NULL, and RETICU-LATE\_PYTHON or RETICULATE\_PYTHON\_FALLBACK is set in the environment, its value will be used. The specified python binary will be invoked to determine its version and to list the python packages installed in the environment.

forceGeneratePythonEnvironment

Optional. If an existing requirements.txt file is found, it will be overwritten

when this argument is TRUE.

Should the deployed content be built by quarto? (TRUE, FALSE, or NA). The default, NA, will use quarto if there are .qmd files in the bundle, or if there is a \_quarto.yml and .Rmd files.

(This option is ignored and quarto will always be used if the metadata contains quarto\_version and quarto\_engines fields.)

Optional. The name of the image to use when building and executing this con-

tent. If none is provided, Posit Connect will attempt to choose an image based on the content requirements. You can override the default by setting the envi-

ronment variable RSCONNECT\_IMAGE.

envManagement Optional. Should Posit Connect install R and Python packages for this content?

> (TRUE, FALSE, or NULL). The default, NULL, will not write any values to the bundle manifest, and Connect will fall back to the application default environment management strategy, or the server default if no application default is defined.

(This option is a shorthand flag which overwrites the values of both envManagementR

and envManagementPy.)

envManagementR Optional. Should Posit Connect install R packages for this content? (TRUE,

FALSE, or NULL). The default, NULL, will not write any values to the bundle manifest, and Connect will fall back to the application default R environment management strategy, or the server default if no application default is defined.

(This option is ignored when envManagement is non-NULL.)

envManagementPy

Optional. Should Posit Connect install Python packages for this content? (TRUE, FALSE, or NULL). The default, NULL, will not write any values to the bundle manifest, and Connect will fall back to the application default Python environment management strategy, or the server default if no application default is defined.

(This option is ignored when envManagement is non-NULL.)

verbose If TRUE, prints detailed progress messages.

quiet If FALSE, prints progress messages.

image

quarto

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