

# Package ‘SwathXtend’

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**Author** J WU and D Pascovici

**Maintainer** Jemma Wu <jwu@proteome.org.au>

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**Description** Contains utility functions for integrating spectral libraries for SWATH and statistical data analysis for SWATH generated data.

**biocViews** Software

**License** GPL-2

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**Index****22****applyttest***Utility to apply a t-test to all rows of a matrix***Description**

Generate fold change and t-test p-value for all rows of a data matrix

**Usage**

```
applyttest(mat, Group, doLogs = TRUE, numerator = levels(Group)[1])
```

**Arguments**

mat	Matrix containing data, possibly with missing values
Group	Group with two levels of length equal to the number of matrix columns
doLogs	True/false, log data before applying test
numerator	The level of the group used as numerator for the fold change, by default the first one

**Value**

Data frame with two values, t-test p-value and fold change.

**See Also**

[applyttestPep](#)

## Examples

```
mat = matrix(rnorm(600), nrow=100)
mat[1:20, 1:3] = 3+mat[1:20, 1:3] # create some differences
mat[30, 1:3] = NA # and some missing values
mat[100, ] = NA

applyttest(mat, Group = rep(c("A", "B"), each=3), doLogs=FALSE)
applyttest(abs(mat), Group = rep(c("A", "B"), each=3), doLogs=TRUE)
```

applyttestPep

*Function to apply t-test separately for all peptides of each protein*

## Description

Generate fold changes and p-values for each protein (col 1) determined by a number of peptides (col 2).

## Usage

```
applyttestPep(peptides, Group, doLogs = TRUE, numerator = levels(as.factor(Group))[1])
```

## Arguments

peptides	Data frame with two descriptive columns: proteins, peptides, then data in the remaining ncol - 2 columns.
Group	Factor describing data membership. Must have two levels, and length = ncol(mat) - 2.
doLogs	TRUE/FALSE, log-transform data prior to analysis
numerator	The group level used as the numerator in the fold change.

## Value

Data frame with rows Protein, fold change and p-value.

## See Also

[applyttest](#)

## Examples

```
# make random matrix with first 10 proteins differentially expressed
mat = exp(6+matrix(rnorm(6000), ncol=6))
Protein = sort(paste("P", sample(1:300, 1000, replace=TRUE)))
Peptide = paste("Pep", 1:1000)
for (j in 1:10) mat[Protein == unique(Protein)[j], 4:6] = 3*mat[Protein == unique(Protein)[j], 1:3]

res = applyttestPep(data.frame(Protein, Peptide, mat), rep(c("A", "B"), each=3), numerator="B")
# first 10 proteins should have fold change 3
plot(log(res$FC), -log(res$pval), col=rainbow(2)[1+ as.numeric(1:1000 > 10)])
```

```
# add some missing values
mat[5:20,4] = NA
res = applyttestPep(data.frame(Protein, Peptide, mat), rep(c("A", "B"), each=3), numerator="B")
# first 10 proteins should have fold change 3
plot(log(res$FC), -log(res$pval), col=rainbow(2)[1+ as.numeric(1:1000 > 10)])
```

**buildSpectraLibPair** *Build a spectra library by integrating a pair of spectrum libraries*

## Description

Build a spectra library by integrating a pair of spectrum libraries

## Usage

```
buildSpectraLibPair(baseLib, extLib, hydroIndex, method = c("time", "hydro",
  "hydrosequence"), includeLength = FALSE, labelBase = NA, labelAddon = NA,
  formatBase = c("peakview", "openswath"), formatExt = c("peakview",
  "openswath"), outputFormat = c("peakview", "openswath"),
  outputFile = "extendedLibrary.txt", plot = FALSE,
  clean = TRUE, merge = TRUE, ...)
```

## Arguments

baseLib	a base library data frame or file
extLib	an external/addon library data frame or file
hydroIndex	a data frame or file containing peptide hydrophobicity index
method	a character string to specify the RT alignment method. One of "time" (default), "hydro" and "hydrosequence" can be selected.
includeLength	a logic value representing if include peptide length as a feature for predicting retention time. Only applicable when method is "hydro".
labelBase	a character string to specify the labels of proteins from the base library
labelAddon	a character string to specify the labels of proteins from the addon library
formatBase	a character string denoting the file format of base library file. One of "peakview" (default) and "openswath"
formatExt	a character string denoting the file format of addon library file. One of "peakview" (default) and "openswath"
outputFormat	a character string denoting the file format of the output integrated library. One of "peakview" (default) and "openswath"
outputFile	A character string to specify the spectra library created
plot	a logic value, representing if plots during processing will be plotted or not
clean	a logic value, representing if the input libraries will be cleaned before integration. Default value is True.
merge	a logic value, representing if the output will be the merged library (default) or the adjusted add-on library.
...	Additional parameters to pass in.

**Value**

A data frame of the integrated spectrum library

**Examples**

```
libfiles <- paste(system.file("files", package="SwathXtend"),
c("Lib2.txt", "Lib3.txt"), sep="/")
Lib2_3 <- buildSpectraLibPair(libfiles[1], libfiles[2],
outputFormat="peakview", clean=TRUE, nomod=TRUE, nomc=TRUE)
```

canonicalFormat

*Standardise a spectrum library data frame*

**Description**

Standardise a spectrum library data frame

**Usage**

```
canonicalFormat(dat, format = c("peakview", "openswath"))
```

**Arguments**

dat	a data frame of a spectrum library
format	a character string, representing the format of the input spectrum library. One of "peakview" (default) and "openswath"

**Value**

a data frame of the library in canonical format

**Examples**

```
file <- paste(system.file("files", package="SwathXtend"), "Lib1.txt", sep="/")
dat <- read.delim2(file, sep="\t", stringsAsFactor = FALSE, header=TRUE)
dat <- try(canonicalFormat(dat, format = "peakview"))
```

checkQuality

*Checking for the integration quality of two libraries*

**Description**

Checking for the integration quality of two libraries

**Usage**

```
checkQuality(datBaseLib, datExtLib, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>datBaseLib</code>	a data frame of the base library
<code>datExtLib</code>	a data frame of the add-on library
<code>...</code>	Additional parameters to pass in

**Value**

A list of quality indicators, including squared retention time (RT) correlation coefficient, root mean squared errors of RT residuals, and median of relative ion intensity correlation coefficient

**Examples**

```
libfiles <- paste(system.file("files", package="SwathXtend"),
  c("Lib2.txt", "Lib3.txt"), sep="/")
datBaseLib <- readLibFile(libfiles[1])
datExtLib <- readLibFile(libfiles[2])
res <- checkQuality(datBaseLib, datExtLib)
```

**cleanLib***Spectrum library cleanining***Description**

Spectrum library cleanining

**Usage**

```
cleanLib(datLib, clean = TRUE, intensity.cutoff = 5, conf.cutoff = 0.99,
  nomod = FALSE, nomc = FALSE, enz = c("trypsin", "gluc", "chymotrypsin"))
```

**Arguments**

<code>datLib</code>	a data frame for a spectrum library
<code>clean</code>	a logic value indicating if the library will be cleaned. Default value is TRUE.
<code>intensity.cutoff</code>	A number value to specify cut off for relative intensity of fragment ions. Only ions with intensity higher than the cut off value (default as 5) will be kept.
<code>conf.cutoff</code>	A number value to specify cut off for precursor confidence. Only ions with confidence higher than the cut off value (default as 0.99) will be kept.
<code>nomod</code>	a logic value, representing if the modified peptides and its fragment ions will be removed. True (default) means will be removed.
<code>nomc</code>	a logic value, representing if peptides with miss cleavages are removed. Default value is False (not to remove).
<code>enz</code>	A character string representing the enzyme which can be one of "trypsin" (default), "gluc", or "chymotrypsin"

**Value**

a data frame of a cleaned spectrum library by the specified criteria

**Examples**

```
file <- paste(system.file("files", package="SwathXtend"), "Lib1.txt", sep="/")
dat <- read.delim2(file, sep="\t", header=TRUE, stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
dat <- canonicalFormat(dat)
dat <- cleanLib(dat)
```

coverage

*A function to calculate the coverage percentage***Usage**

```
coverage(a, b)
```

**Arguments**

- a                   A vector of numerical or string elements
- b                   A vector of numerical or string elements

**Details**

The percentage of a that is covered by b

**Value**

A numeric value representing the coverage percentage of b for a which is defined as the ratio of intersection of a and b over the size of a

**Examples**

```
coverage(c('a','b','c'),c('b','c','d'))
```

cv

*A function to calculate the CV (Coefficient of Variation)***Usage**

```
cv(v)
```

**Arguments**

- v                   A numeric vector

**Value**

A numeric vector representing the Coefficient of Variance.

**Examples**

```
cv(rnorm(100))
```

<code>fdr.crit</code>	<i>A function to calculate the number of samples pass fdr threshold</i>
-----------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------

## Usage

```
fdr.crit(dswat.fdr)
```

## Arguments

`dswat.fdr` A data frame of fdr values of a Swath result

## Examples

```
##### Should be DIRECTLY executable !!
##-- ==> Define data, use random,
##-- or do help(data=index) for the standard data sets.

## The function is currently defined as

file= paste(system.file("files", package="SwathXtend"),
"Swath_result.Lib2.xlsx", sep="/")

dswat.fdr = readWorkbook(file, sheet='FDR')

dat = fdr.crit(dswat.fdr)
```

<code>getFdrBins</code>	<i>Function to calculate the percentage of fdrs in each bin</i>
-------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------

## Usage

```
getFdrBins(mat.fdr, Bins = c(0, 0.01, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.8, 1))
```

## Arguments

`mat.fdr` A matrix of fdr values

`Bins` A numeric vector representing the bins. For n bins, there will be n+1 numbers in the vector.

## Value

A numeric vector representing the percentage of each FDR bin.

## Examples

```
#  
fswaths = paste(system.file("files", package="SwathXtend"), c("Swath_result_Lib2.xlsx", "Swath_result_Lib2_3.xlsx"))  
  
fdr.seed = readWorkbook(fswaths[1], sheet='FDR')  
fdr.ext = readWorkbook(fswaths[2], sheet='FDR')  
  
Bins = c(0, .01, .1, .2, .3, .4, .5, .8, 1)  
  
res = getFdrBins(as.matrix(fdr.ext[, -c(1:7)]), Bins)
```

---

ionCorGS

*Gold standard relative ion intensity correlation (spearman)*

---

## Description

This data set gives the relative ion intensity spearman correlation for 2023 peptides as the gold standard for benchmarking the matching quality of two peptide assay libraries.

## Usage

```
data(ionCorGS)
```

## Format

A vector containing spearman correlation coefficient for 2023 peptides.

## Value

a numeric vector

## Source

APAF

## References

APAF

**medianNorm***Utility to median normalize a matrix by columns***Description**

Divide appropriately to make all column medians equal to the max median

**Usage**

```
medianNorm(mat)
```

**Arguments**

<b>mat</b>	Data matrix to normalize; matrix assumed positive
------------	---------------------------------------------------

**Value**

Matrix of same dimensions.

**Examples**

```
mat = 100+matrix(rnorm(1000), ncol=10)
mat[,10] = mat[,10] + 2
layout(matrix(1:2, nrow=1))
boxplot(mat)
boxplot(medianNorm(mat))

# note: issues when medians close to 0.
```

**mlr***Function to implement mlr normalization***Description**

Calculate normalization factor, histogram peak and width at half peak for a vector

**Usage**

```
mlr(ratio, doplot)
```

**Arguments**

<b>ratio</b>	Vector, typically of log ratios
<b>doplot</b>	A logic value, wheter to plot the ratio histograms (FALSE as default)

**Value**

<b>nf</b>	Normalization factor
<b>peak</b>	Histogram peak
<b>wdt</b>	Width at half peak

## References

Find mlr reference.

## Examples

```
mlr(rnorm(1000))
# with shift
mlr(0.5 + rnorm(1000))
```

**mlrGroup**

*Function to do mlr normalization for a matrix group*

## Description

Do mlr normalization separately for each set of replicates first, then normalize the resulting matrix

## Usage

```
mlrGroup(mat, Group)
```

## Arguments

mat	Data matrix with replicates as columns
Group	Factor of length ncol(mat)

## Value

Resulting normalized matrix of the same size as the initial one

## References

\*Find reference to mlr paper\*

## See Also

[mlrrep](#), [mlr](#)

## Examples

```
res = mlrGroup(iris[,-5], Group=as.factor(c("Sepal", "Sepal", "Petal", "Petal")))

layout(matrix(1:3, nrow=1))
boxplot(log(iris[,-5]), main="Log only")
boxplot(log(medianNorm(iris[,-5])), main="Median")
boxplot(log(res[[1]]), main="MLR")
```

**mlrrep***Function to do mlr normalization on a matrix of replicates***Description**

Calculate all pairwise ratios, log-transform them, find the least variable replicate.

**Usage**

```
mlrrep(mat)
```

**Arguments**

<code>mat</code>	Data matrix with replicates as columns
------------------	----------------------------------------

**Value**

<code>mat.norm</code>	Normalized data matrix; matrix assumed positive
<code>wdmat</code>	Square matrix of half peak widths for each ratio of replicates of size <code>ncol(mat)</code>
<code>nfmat</code>	Square matrix of normalization factors for each ratio of replicates of size <code>ncol(mat)</code>
<code>idx</code>	Index of replicate to be used as denominator yielding smallest widths

**See Also**

[mlr](#), [mlrGroup](#)

**Examples**

```
# Example using the iris data
mlrrep(iris[,-5])

# random data
mat = exp(matrix(rnorm(1000), ncol=4))
res = mlrrep(mat)
layout(matrix(1:2, nrow=1))
boxplot(log(res$mat.norm))
boxplot(log(mat))
```

**outputLib***output a spectrum library into a PeakView format file***Description**

output a spectrum library into a PeakView format file

**Usage**

```
outputLib(dat, filename = "NewLib.txt", format = c("peakview", "openswath"),
nodup = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

dat	A data frame of a spectrum library
filename	A character string for the name of the output.
format	A character string representing the output format. One of "peakview" (default) and "openswath".
nodup	A logic value, indicating if remove duplicated spectrum (default)

**Value**

a file with the specified file name (lib.txt as default) will be saved under the current working directory

**Examples**

```
file <- paste(system.file("files", package="SwathXtend"), "Lib1.txt", sep="/")
dat <- readLibFile(file)
outputLib(dat)
```

plotAll

*Plot statistical plots for two libraries***Description**

Plot statistical plots for two libraries

**Usage**

```
plotAll(datBaseLib, datExtLib, file = "allplots.xlsx", ...)
```

**Arguments**

datBaseLib	a data frame for a base spectrum library
datExtLib	a data frame for a external spectrum library
file	a character string for the output file
...	Additional parameters to pass in

**Value**

a list of two data frames

**Examples**

```
libfiles <- paste(system.file("files", package="SwathXtend"),
c("Lib2.txt", "Lib3.txt"), sep="/")
datBaseLib <- readLibFile(libfiles[1])
datExtLib <- readLibFile(libfiles[2])
res <- plotAll(datBaseLib, datExtLib)
```

**plotDensities**      *Utility to do side by side density plots*

### Description

Side by side density plots

### Usage

```
plotDensities(data, group = rownames(data), xlab = "Log Abundance")
```

### Arguments

<code>data</code>	Data with samples as columns.
<code>group</code>	Group of the same length as the number of columns of data
<code>xlab</code>	Label to be printed

### Value

No value returned, plotting only

### Examples

```
plotDensities(iris[,-5], rep(c("A", "B"), each=2))
```

**plotErrorBarsLines**      *Utility for clustering plots to plot lines and an overall trend*

### Description

Prints faint lines for each profile, and a mean/error bars

### Usage

```
plotErrorBarsLines(v, barSizes, lines, labels = NULL, col = "blue", ylim, ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>v</code>	Overall trend, to be printed solid, length n
<code>barSizes</code>	Size of the error bars, length n
<code>lines</code>	Matrix of n columns, and as many rows as lines
<code>labels</code>	Labels to be printed on the x axis, length n
<code>col</code>	Colour for main trend line
<code>ylim</code>	Can specify limits so several graphs are on the same scale
<code>...</code>	Additional parameters to pass in

**Value**

No returned value; plot only.

**See Also**

[help](#), [~~~](#)

**Examples**

```
mat = matrix(rnorm(100), 10)
plotErrorBarsLines(apply(mat, 1, FUN=mean), apply(mat, 1, FUN=sd),
  lines=mat, col="red", main="A random plot", xlab="Some label")
```

---

**plotRelativeDensities** *Plotting utility to overlay all relative densities*

---

**Description**

Overlay all relative densities

**Usage**

```
plotRelativeDensities(mat, Group = NULL, idx = NULL, main = "Densities")
```

**Arguments**

mat	Matrix with positive entries, samples as columns
Group	The factor showing the sample membership, of length ncol(mat)
idx	Number between 1:ncol(mat); which sample to use as denominator, first one by default
main	Title; optional

**Value**

Plotting only

**Examples**

```
mat = matrix(abs(rnorm(50000)), ncol=5)
mat[,5] = mat[,5] + 2

plotRelativeDensities(mat, Group=c(rep("A",4),"B"), idx=1)
```

**plotRIICor***Plot relative ion intensity correlation of two libraries***Description**

Plot relative ion intensity correlation of two libraries

**Usage**

```
plotRIICor(dat1, dat2, nomod = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

- |       |                                                                                                                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| dat1  | A data frame containing the first spectrum library                                                                              |
| dat2  | A data frame containing the second spectrum library                                                                             |
| nomod | a logic value, representing if the modified peptides and its fragment ions will be removed. FALSE (default) means not removing. |

**Value**

a data frame of relative ion intensity correlations for all ions

**Examples**

```
libfiles <- paste(system.file("files", package="SwathXtend"),
                  c("Lib2.txt", "Lib3.txt"), sep="/")
datBaseLib <- readLibFile(libfiles[1])
datExtLib <- readLibFile(libfiles[2])
plotRIICor(datBaseLib, datExtLib)
```

**plotRTCor***Plot for retention time correlation of two libraries***Description**

Plot for retention time correlation of two libraries

**Usage**

```
plotRTCor(dat1, dat2, label1, label2, nomod = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

- |        |                                                                                                                                 |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| dat1   | A data frame containing the first spectrum library                                                                              |
| dat2   | A data frame containing the second spectrum library                                                                             |
| label1 | a character string representing the x axis label for plotting                                                                   |
| label2 | a character string representing the y axis label for plotting                                                                   |
| nomod  | a logic value, representing if the modified peptides and its fragment ions will be removed. FALSE (default) means not removing. |

**Value**

retention time correlation coefficient

**Examples**

```
libfiles <- paste(system.file("files", package="SwathXtend"),
  c("Lib2.txt", "Lib3.txt"), sep="/")
datBaseLib <- readLibFile(libfiles[1])
datExtLib <- readLibFile(libfiles[2])
plotRTCor(datBaseLib, datExtLib, "Lib2", "Lib5")
```

---

plotRTResd

*Plot residuals for retention time prediction of two libraries*

---

**Description**

Plot residuals for retention time prediction of two libraries

**Usage**

```
plotRTResd(dat1, dat2, nomod = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

- |       |                                                                                                                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| dat1  | A data frame containing the first spectrum library                                                                              |
| dat2  | A data frame containing the second spectrum library                                                                             |
| nomod | a logic value, representing if the modified peptides and its fragment ions will be removed. FALSE (default) means not removing. |

**Value**

root mean square error of prediction residuals

**Examples**

```
libfiles <- paste(system.file("files", package="SwathXtend"),
  c("Lib2.txt", "Lib3.txt"), sep="/")
datBaseLib <- readLibFile(libfiles[1])
datExtLib <- readLibFile(libfiles[2])
plotRTResd(datBaseLib, datExtLib)
```

**quantification.accuracy***Measurment of quantification accuracy of two Swath results***Usage**

```
quantification.accuracy(dswat1, dswat2, Sample = NULL, method = c("cor", "cv", "bland.altman"),
cor.method=c('pearson', 'spearman', 'kendall'), log = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

dswat1	A data frame of peptide peak area of the first Swath result
dswat2	A data frame of peptide peak area of the second Swath result
Sample	A vector of strings representing the sample names of the Swath result
method	A string as one of "cor", "cv" and "bland.altman"
cor.method	A string as one of "pearson", "spearman", and "kendall"
log	A logical value indicating if the peak area will be log transformed before calculating the measurement. Default value is FALSE which means the peak area will not be transformed.

**Value**

A list of two numeric vectors

vcor	The measurment for the quanitification accuarcy for the same sample
rccor	The measurment for the quanitification accuarcy for the randomised sample

**Examples**

```
fswaths = paste(system.file("files", package="SwathXtend"), c("Swath_result_Lib2.xlsx", "Swath_result_Lib2_3.xlsx"))

fdr.seed = readWorkbook(fswaths[1], sheet='FDR')
fdr.ext = readWorkbook(fswaths[2], sheet='FDR')

swa.seed = readWorkbook(fswaths[1], 2)
swa.ext = readWorkbook(fswaths[2], 2)

fdr.seed = fdr.crit(fdr.seed)
fdr.ext = fdr.crit(fdr.ext)

res = quantification.accuracy(swa.seed[fdr.seed$nfdr.pass >= 2,], swa.ext[fdr.ext$nfdr.pass >= 2,], method="c")
```

---

readLibFile	<i>Load a spectrum library into a data frame</i>
-------------	--------------------------------------------------

---

## Description

Load a spectrum library into a data frame

## Usage

```
readLibFile(file, format = c("peakview", "openswath"), type = c("spectrum",  
"hydro"), clean = TRUE, ...)
```

## Arguments

file	A file of a spectrum library, in .txt or .csv format, can be .gz files.
format	A character string denoting the file format. One of "peakview" (default) and "openswath". If the file format is "peakview", it requires the following columns: Q1: Q1 m/z (precursor m/z); Q3: Q3 m/z (fragment m/z); RT_detected: retention time; protein_name: protein name; isotype: isotype type; relative_intensity: fragment ion intensity; stripped_sequence: peptide sequences without modifications; modification_sequence: peptide sequences with modifications; prec_z: peptide charge; frg_type: fragment type; frg_z: fragment charge; frg_nr: ion number; iRT: calibrated retention time; uniprot_id: database accession number; decoy: whether the peptide a decoy or not; confidence: the confidence of the identified peptide; shared: whether the peptide is shared by multiple proteins; N: a ranking number for the protein. Optional columns for PeakView format libaries include: score: score for peptide identification; prec_y: the precursor ion intensity; rank: ion intensity ranking; mods: modification; nterm: N terminal modification; cterm: C terminal modification; If the file format is "openswath", it must contain the following columns: PrecursorMz: precursor m/z; ProductMz: fragment m/z; Tr_recalibrated: retention time; ProteinName: protein name; GroupLabel: isotype type; LibraryIntensity: fragment ion intensity; PeptideSequence: peptide sequences without modifications; FullUniModPeptideName: peptide sequences with modifications; UniprotID: database accession number; decoy: whether the peptide a decoy or not PrecursorCharge: precursor charge; FragmentType: fragment type (b or y ion); FragmentCharge: fragment charge; FragmentSeriesNumber: fragment ion number.
type	A character string denoting the file type. One of "spectrum" (default) and "hydro"
clean	A logic value, representing if the library will be cleaned.
...	Additional parameters to pass in

## Value

a data frame of the library with cleaning process

## Examples

```
file <- paste(system.file("files", package="SwathXtend"), "Lib1.txt", sep="/")
dat <- readLibFile(file)
```

### reliabilityCheckLibrary

*A function to check the coverage of the extended library given the seed library*

## Usage

```
reliabilityCheckLibrary(seedlib.file, extlib.file)
```

## Arguments

- seedlib.file A string representing the seed library file
- extlib.file A string representing the extended library file

## Value

A matrix of number of protein and peptide of the seed and extended library

## Examples

```
files <- paste(system.file("files", package="SwathXtend"),
  c("Lib2.txt", "Lib2_3.txt"), sep="/")
res = reliabilityCheckLibrary(files[1], files[2])
```

### reliabilityCheckSwath *A function to check the coverage, fdr distributions, quantification accuracy etc of two Swath results*

## Usage

```
reliabilityCheckSwath(seed.swathfile, ext.swathfile, max.fdrpass = 3, max.peptide = 2)
```

## Arguments

- seed.swathfile A string representing the Swath results obtained using the seed library. The Swath result file should be a PeakView extracted Excel (.xlsx) file with six tabs: "Area - ions", "Area - peptides", "Area - proteins", "Score", "FDR" and "Observed RT". The SWATH result checking functions require that worksheet "Area - peptides" and "FDR" must exist.
- ext.swathfile A string representing the Swath results obtained using the extended library. The Swath result file should be a PeakView extracted Excel (.xlsx) file with six tabs: "Area - ions", "Area - peptides", "Area - proteins", "Score", "FDR" and "Observed RT". The SWATH result checking functions require that worksheet "Area - peptides" and "FDR" must exist.

max.fdrpass	A numeric value representing the maximum number of samples that pass the fdr threshold (0.01)
max.peptide	A numeric value representing the maximum number of peptides in a protein as a filter

**Value**

fdr.bins	a matrix of the FDR percentage in each of the 8 bins
dat.comb	a matrix of the various numbers as the SWATH filtering threshold changes. These numbers include protein, peptide, median correlation, cv and bland altman mesurement.

**Examples**

```
files <- paste(system.file("files", package="SwathXtend"),
  c("Swath_result_Lib2.xlsx", "Swath_result_Lib2_3.xlsx"), sep="/")
res = reliabilityCheckSwath(files[1], files[2])
```

swath.means

*Computer Swath mean peak area for duplicated samples***Usage**

```
swath.means(dswath, Sample)
```

**Arguments**

dswath	a data frame of peak areas of Swath results
Sample	a vector of strings of the sample names in the Swath result

**Value**

A data frame with the mean peak area.

**Examples**

```
file = paste(system.file("files", package="SwathXtend"), "Swath_result_Lib2.xlsx", sep="/")
dswat = readWorkbook(file, 2)
Sample = rep(c('2perc', '5perc', '10perc'), each=3)
res = swath.means(dswat, Sample)
```

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