

Mass spectrometry Proteomics and MIAPE

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Outline

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MS-MS Proteomics

Standard classes

Protein Grouping

Detection of proteins using mass spectrometer

- ▶ Workflow

1. Sample: Proteins
2. Digest to: Peptides (Less diversity, more complexity)
3. Mass-Spectrometer detects: m/z & Intensity (MS) + Spectrum (MS/MS)
4. Search-engine identifies: Peptides and Proteins

- ▶ Difficulties

- ▶ Nature of data
- ▶ Standardisation: Formats and minimal information (reproducible research)
- ▶ Infrastructure: R and Bioconductor

HUPO PSI and MIAPE

- ▶ HUPO Proteomics Standards Initiative
 - ▶ Founded in April 2002
 - ▶ <http://psidev.info/>
 - ▶ Aims:
 - ▶ Create minimum reporting standards
 - ▶ Enable easier transfer of proteomics data
- ▶ MIAPE
 - ▶ Minimum Information about a proteomics experiment:
 - ▶ Mass Spectrometry and Mass Spectrometry Informatics
 - ▶ Gel Electrophoresis
 - ▶ Liquid Chromatography
 - ▶ Formats for MIAPE:MS (2.24) / MIAPE:MSI (1.1):
 - ▶ mzML for spectrum level information
 - ▶ mzIdentML for protein identification

Proteomics Formats

- ▶ Spectrum formats:

- ▶ dta, pkl, mgf
- ▶ ...
- ▶ Seattle Proteome Center: mzXML
- ▶ Proteomics Standard Initiative: mzData,mzML

- ▶ Identification formats

- ▶ Mascot: DAT files
- ▶ Phenyx: PIDRES XML files
- ▶ X Tandem: XML files
- ▶ ...
- ▶ SPC: pepXML, protXML
- ▶ PSI: mzIdentML

Classes: MIAPE:MS Experiment Information

```
setClass("MIAPE",
         representation=representation(
           creationDate="character",
           contact="character",

           software="character",
           software.version="character",
           software.contact="character",
           software.constomisations="character",
           software.uri="character",

           spectra.source.files="character",
           spectra.source.format="character",

           search.database="character",
           search.database.version="character",
           search.database.nSeq="character",
           search.database.filters="character",
           search.database.nSeqSearched="character",

           search.enzymes="character",
           search.enzymes.missedcleavages="numeric",
           search.enzymes.additionalParams="character",

           search.modif.fixed="character",
           search.modif.variable="character",

           search.param.fragmentTolerance="character",
           search.param.parentTolerance="character",
           search.threshold.protein="list",
           search.threshold.peptide="list",

           search.additionalParams="list")
)
```

Classes: MIAPE:MS ProteinGroup and MzIdent

```
setClass("ProteinGroup",
  representation(
    proteinDescription = "data.frame",
    ##AC,Description,Validation Status,#different peptide seq, coverage%
    peptideToProtein = "matrix",
    peptideDetails = "data.frame",
    indistinguishableProteins = "character",
    proteinGroups = "data.frame"
  )
)

setClass("MzIdent",
  contains = "eSet",
  representation(
    proteinGroup = "ProteinGroup",
    assayData = "list",                      # eSet
    ## spectra-matrices: columns m/z, intensity, charge
    phenoData = "AnnotatedDataFrame",      # eSet
    featureData = "AnnotatedDataFrame", # eSet
    ## retention time, peptide sequence, peptide modif, scores,
    ## charge state, calculatedMassToCharge, experimentalMassToCharge, ...
    experimentData = "MIAPE",
    annotation = "character",            # eSet
    protocolData="AnnotatedDataFrame"   # eSet
  )
)
```

Protein Grouping

- ▶ Problem
 - ▶ Peptides are detected, not proteins
 - ▶ Peptides are often shared between proteins
 - ▶ especially between splice variants!
 - ▶ Create a minimal set: Occams Razor
- ▶ Algorithm
 1. For each protein: assemble list of peptides with which it is identified
 2. Indistinguishable proteins: Proteins detected with the same peptides
 3. Master proteins: Proteins with peptides specific to them
 4. Group proteins with no specific peptides to master proteins
 5. Classify

Proteomics in Bioconductor

- ▶ Good class representations
 - ▶ MIBBI: Minimum Information for Biological and Biomedical Investigations
- ▶ Multiple experiments?
- ▶ Quantitation
- ▶ Importers:
 - ▶ mzML and mzIdentML
 - ▶ pepXML, mgf, ...

→ Statistics

→ Applications